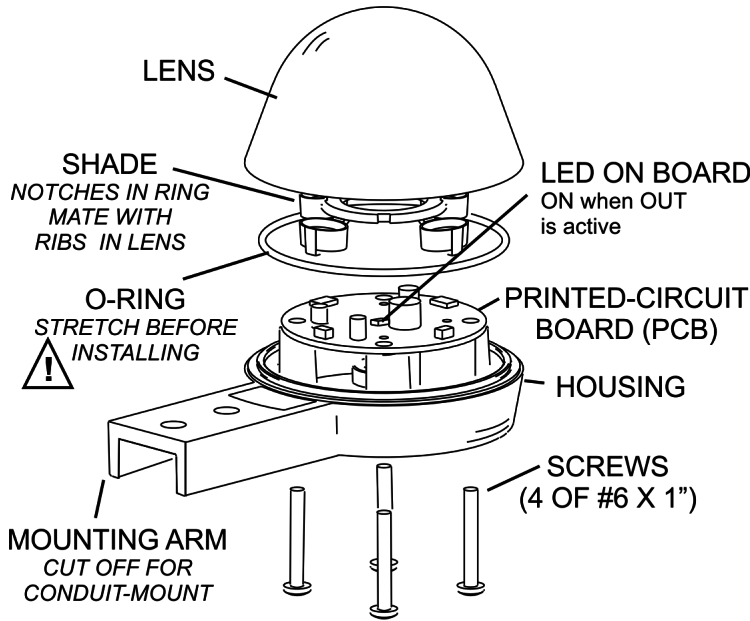


# Hydreon Rain Gauge Model RG-9

Visit our product page for updated documentation and technical drawings: [www.rainsensors.com/rg-9](http://www.rainsensors.com/rg-9)



## EXPLODED VIEW

## Installation and Mounting

1. Set DIP switches.
2. Mount the Rain Gauge

Mount the rain Gauge where it gets a clear measurement of precipitation— away from overhangs, etc. The mounting arm is designed to fit over a strap 0.75" (19 mm) wide. Two holes 0.25" (6.35 mm) are placed 0.75" (19 mm) apart. The gland style connector goes in the bottom hole. Be sure to use wire rated for outdoor (high-UV) use. For conduit applications, the mounting arm may be removed, and the wiring hole drilled out using a step drill to accommodate a 1/2" EMT compression connector or similar style of conduit connector.

3. Assemble the Rain Gauge as shown above. The silicone O-ring fits nicely in the lens groove, but it can fall or slip out during assembly. After the unit is assembled, visually verify that the O-ring is properly seated all the way around.

## Specifications

Parameter	Value
Input Voltage	Range 5-35 VDC on J1 Reverse polarity protected to 50V. A stable supply using star grounding techniques and dedicated wiring will provide the best results. <i>Alternative</i> 3.3V though pin 8 on J2. Note if this isn't an ultra stable supply it will induce false indications. An overvoltage to this pin will destroy the device. For most, avoid this solution.
Current Drain	110 µA nominal. (No outputs on, dry not raining) 2-4 mA when raining
Output (OUT)	NPN Open Collector Output 500 mA / 80V / 300mW Max
Operating Temperature range	-40°C to +60°C

## LED

The LED in the center of the circuit board turns on at power up and when OUT is on, as an aid to debugging.

On power up:

3 Flashes => Normal Power Up

4 Flashes => Lens is not very transmissive, but can still run at a reduced accuracy

5 Flashes => The Lens is not able to get sufficient light through for reasonable readings, it will still try to run but at a significantly reduced accuracy. This will also print a LensBad message to the Serial interface.

## J1 Connector

OUT - Open Collector Output, Pulled to ground during rain event

V+ - Input Voltage, 5 - 35 VDC

GND - Ground

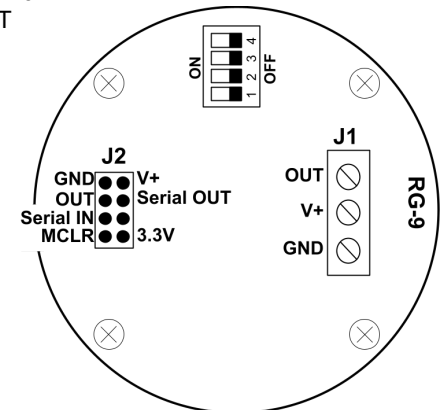
## J2 Connector

J2 is a pin-field on 0.1" centers, used for Serial communication, and optionally powering the RG-9.

Connector field is 0.025" square pins on 0.1" centers. An example compatible connector is the [Harwin M20-1070400](#) and [gold crimp Harwin M20-1180042](#) Or the ribbon style [Amphenol 71600-008LF](#) can be used with regular cable. Good for low profile work.

J2 Pin assignments

- 1 - GND, Same as J1 GND
- 2 - V+ 5-35 VDC, Same as J1 V+
- 3 - OUT, Same as J1 OUT
- 4 - Serial OUT
- 5 - Serial IN
- 6 -
- 7 - MCLR
- 8 - V+ 3.3V



## DIP Switches

1 = On, 0 = Off				
Switch			Behavior	
1	2	3	4	
0	0		Sensitivity 1 (Rain Drops)	
0	1		Sensitivity 2 (Very Light)	
1	0		Sensitivity 4 (Medium)	
1	1		Sensitivity 6 (Heavy)	
		0	0	Monostable Extend - None
		0	1	Monostable Extend - 5 min
		1	0	Monostable Extend - 10 min
		1	1	Monostable Extend - 15 min

### Sensitivity

This is a qualitative value relative to other intensities.

### Monostable Extend

This extends the Open Collector output to hold for X mins after the intensity has ended.

### Accuracy

We do not claim an accuracy spec for the RG-9.

### Maintenance

This is designed to be a low maintenance rain gauge. After several years (typically 7-10) the lens will need to be replaced.

Replacement lenses are available on [www.rainsensors.com](http://www.rainsensors.com).

## RS232 Communication

The RG-9 supports communication through 3.3V TTL Serial (RS232).

All lines are terminated with a carriage return followed by a new line, this is used for all output. But only the new line is required for commands. The command is processed following the new line.

Cmd (case insensitive)	Description, example response	
R	Read available data. Responses: "R 0" "R 1" "R 0 Cold" Cold = appended below 0C as is less reliable.	
K	(Kill) Restarts the device, this will output the header, readjust the emitters and read the DIP switches again.	
B <baud Code>	Set the baud rate, if none is specified, and responds with the current baud rate. Response: "Baud <baud rate>" <i>sent just before it is changed</i> Ex: "Baud 9600"	<b>Baud Codes:</b> 0 = 1200 1 = 2400 2 = 4800 3 = 9600 (Default) 4 = 19200 5 = 38400 6 = 57600
P	Set to polling only mode, outputs a new R message only when requested by the 'R' command. Response: "p"	
C	Set to continuous mode, outputs a new R message when the intensity changes. Response: "c"	
i <sensitivity level 1-7>	Force sensitivity level, will ignore the switch Set to 0 to revert to the DIP switch setting Responses: i # Intensity Name override/DIP "i 1 Rain Drops override" "i 6 Heavy DIP"	
t	Retrieve the temperature ±5C Response: "t 72F 22C"	
h <minutes>	Set the override hold time in minutes 0-360 Response: "h 60"	
s	Use the switch values for the sensitivity & hold Response: "s"	
d <0,1>	Disable LED when the Output activates. Default is LED on. d 1 Response "d LED Disabled" d 0 Response "d LED Enabled"	

q <0,1>	Quiet the OUT serial port status. Default is off. q 0 Response "q OUT Serial Enabled" q 1 Response "q OUT Serial Disabled"
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## Sensitivity Levels

Sensitivity 0 (None)	Sensitivity 4 (Medium)
Sensitivity 1 (Rain Drops)	Sensitivity 5 (Medium Heavy)
Sensitivity 2 (Very Light)	Sensitivity 6 (Heavy)
Sensitivity 3 (Medium Light)	Sensitivity 7 (Violent)

The output keywords can be comma delimited such as "Emitters 9 10, EmTotal 19", with a space following the comma.

Output Keyword	Description, example output	
Reset	Shows the reason the device was reset.	
	Reset N Reset M Reset W Reset O Reset U Reset B Reset D	N = Normal Power Up M = MCLR W = Watchdog Timer Reset O = Stack Overflow U = Stack Underflow B = Low Voltage D = Other
SW	Firmware version & build date Ex: SW 1.200 2020.06.05	
Emitters	Emitter 1 & 2 Levels Ex: Emitters 9 10	
EmTotal	Sum of emitters Ex: EmTotal 19	
DIP	DIP Switch positions 1234 Ex: DIP 1010	
PwrDays	How many days the device has been powered on Ex: PwrDays 13	
;	The semicolon is used to indicate that this line doesn't include any data, this is not always followed by a space. .;***** ; HYDREON MODEL RG-9 RAIN GAUGE	
LensBad	The Lens is not able to get sufficient light through for reasonable readings.	
EmSat	Emitter is saturated. Can be useful for diagnostics.	

## SAFETY, LIMITS OF RAIN GAUGE LIABILITY, AND WARRANTY

Only the rain sensor is covered-- absolutely no consequential damages. If this policy is unacceptable in your installation, do not use the RG-9. Full policy can be found at [www.rainsensors.com/rq-9-warranty](http://www.rainsensors.com/rq-9-warranty).

Apply engineering judgment: Hydreon does not claim the RG-9 is a perfect rain sensor. It is what it is, and senses what it senses.

### CASE and COSMETIC POLICY

Some amount of yellowing or discoloration of the case is considered normal cosmetic aging of the device, and sensors so affected will not be replaced under warranty. Tiny cracks or crazing within the lens is also considered cosmetic, and units so affected will be replaced only if they are deemed by Hydreon corporation to be considered to be of a functional nature.